

# t033 TDV / t034 TDVR

Wind speed transducer



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User manual and maintenance







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### 1 Introduction

TDV has been thoroughly designed to ensure high standards of performance in wind direction monitoring.

The sensing element consists of a balanced vane connected to a magnet, whose position is detected by a Hall effect sensor. The whole system allows to investigate with very reliable precision the orientation of the wind by detecting the movement of the wind vane from its original position.

Wind vane and the lightness of its material have been accurately chosen in order to obtain a very low mechanical inertia and consequently achieve a high sensitivity.

The robust structure of the sensor gives an adequate resistance even at high wind speeds. Furthermore, its simple and compact design facilitates the installation and makes easier the on-site maintenance activities.

The sensor is supplied with power and signal cable (12m), and it is available upon request on heated version, powered at 24V (alternating or direct current)..

#### Available models:

Current, voltage and RS485-Modbus output:	t033a-TDV-IVS
SDI-12 serial output:	t033d-TVV-12
Heated sensor with natural output:	t034b-TDVR-V

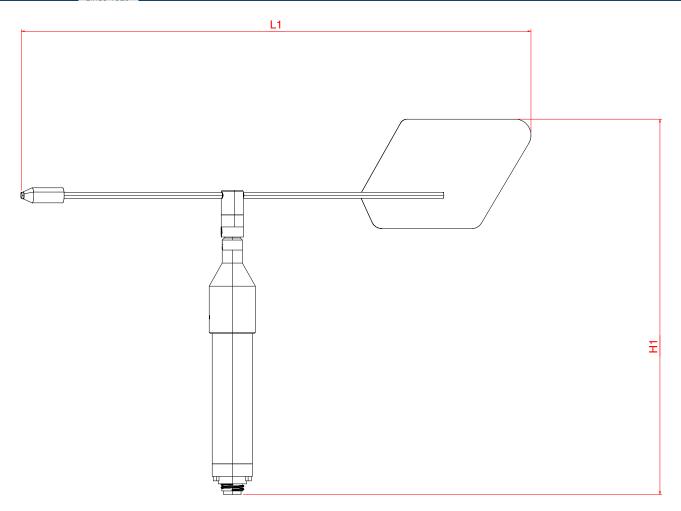
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# 2 Technical characteristic

Measurement performance				
Transducer	Magnet and Hall effect direction sensor			
Measurement range	0 ÷ 359.9			
Accuracy	± 1			
Resolution	0.1			
Operating conditions				
Temperature	-30 ÷ 60 °C			
Humidity	0 ÷ 100 %			
Outputs				
Currente	4 ÷ 20 mA ↔ 0 ÷ 359.9[°N]			
Voltage	0 ÷ 2 V ↔ 0 ÷ 359.9[°N]			
RS485 MODBUS	Wind direction [°N]			
SDI-12	Wind direction [°N]			
Power supply and Consumption				
Voltage supply	7 ÷ 30 Vdc			
Power consumption	Min	Tipico	Massimo	
4 ÷ 20 mA	5		25	
0 ÷2 V / RS485 MODBUS / SDI-12		1	3	
Power of the heater	40 W @ 24 V			
Mechanical characteristics				
Body housing	Alluminium alloy and stainless steel screws			
Connector	IP67 7 pole ma	ale		





# **Dimensions**:

H1 - maximum height: ~ 385 mm

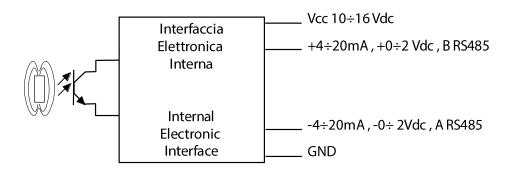
**L1** – maximum encumbrance: 520 mm

Weight: 930 g

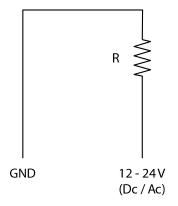


### 2.1 Operating principle

The weather vane rotates indicating the direction of the wind. This movement is transmitted via a steel shaft up to the sensor body. A magnet is fixed to the end of the shaft, which rotates together with the shaft. The rotation angle of the magnet is detected by a Hall effect sensor. An electronic interface processes the data making the value available directly on the connector. In the heated version (with natural output only) the heating is achieved with power resistances inserted directly into the aluminum body and externally powered.



TDV-IVS /TDV-I/V/S witha 4÷20mA,0÷2Vdc, RS485 output



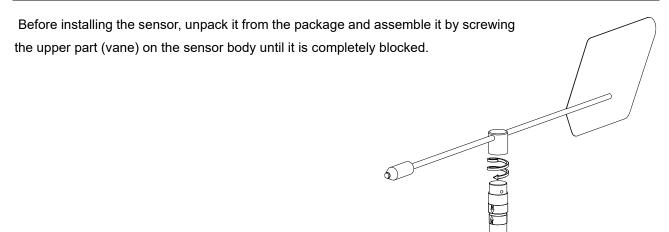
TVDR-x heated

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## 3 Installation and maintenance

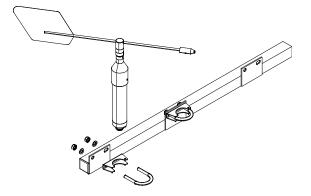
#### 3.1 Installation



To install a meteorological station, it is necessary to pay attention to the characteristics of the site since the conformation of the ground and the proximity to possible obstacles can have influence on the quality of the data we want to acquire. It's important to know that any vertical obstacle as for instance trees and buildings, create a turbulence of air equal to ten times their height. For example, a meteorological station must be installed 100 meters away from any obstacles tall 10 meters height.

The TDV transducer is normally positioned (according to WMO standards) at a height of about 10 meters from the ground level. Normally, in Siap+Micros weather stations, it is installed with brackets equipped with 40mm diameter U-bolts (sensor stem diameter) fixed to the pole.

The transducer must be oriented to the NORTH direction following the indication on the label on the fixed part of the sensor.



Here is represented a typical installation of the sensor using a U-Bolt 40mm diameter.

#### 3.2 Maintenance

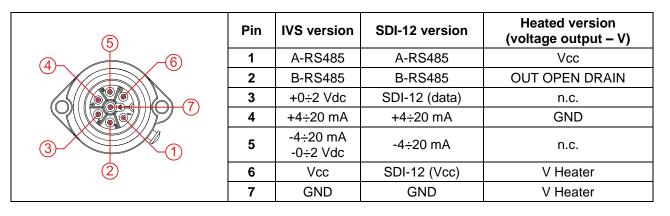
The transducer does not require ordinary maintenance, but it is advisable to periodically check the proper functioning of the internal bearings that are not seized. This operation is carried out by turning the cups by hand, checking that the movement is uniform and sensitive. Otherwise it is recommended to replace the sensor and have it checked at the factory.

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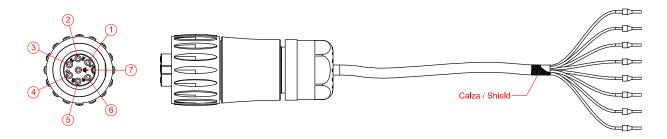
# 4 Electrical connection

### 4.1 Connector pinout



#### 4.2 Connection cable

The connection cables supplied with the sensors are made with circular connectors with housing,  $8 \times 0.22$  mmq cable (IVS and SDI-12 versions) or  $6 \times 0.22$  mmq +  $2 \times 2.5$  mmq (in the heated N version), shielded and ferrules for connection to the data logger terminals. The shield is connected to the general ground lead.



8 poles cal	8 poles cable (8x0.22 mmq)									
Pin	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	7		
Cable	Red	White	Green	Black	Orange	Yellow	Blue	Brown		
TDV-IVS	A-RS485	B-RS485	+0÷2 Vdc	+4÷20 mA	-0÷2 Vdc -4÷20 mA	Vcc	GND	GND		
TDV-12	A-RS485	B-RS485	SDI-12 (Data)	+4÷20 mA	-0÷2 Vdc	SDI-12 (Vcc)	GND	GND		

6 poles cable 0.22 mmq + 2 poles 2.5 mmq								
Pin	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	7
Cable	Blue	White	Green	Black	Yellow	Blue (2.5mmq)	Brown (2.5mmq)	Red
TDVR-V	Vcc (sign.)	+0÷2 Vdc	-0÷2 Vdc	GND (sign.)	n.c.	V Risc	V Risc	GND

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### 4.3 Data reading in serial communication (RS485 Modbus and SDI-12)

Sensors with RS485 Modbus or SDI-12 output send data only upon specific request from the PC, data logger or PLC.

The correct communication parameters of the device performing the interrogation are shown below..

#### 4.3.1 RS485 Modbus mode

COM setting: 9600 baud, no parity, 8 data bit, 1 bit di stop.

Compliant with ModBus RTU protocol, function supported: "03 – read Holding Registers" e "04 – Read Input Registers".

Data type: "2 registers swapped float IEEE 754 in the form CDAB where A is the most significant byte of the float and D is the less significant byte of the float (swapped float)".

ID	Registers	Units	Reg. 1-2	Reg. 3-4	Reg. 5-6	Reg. 7-8	Reg. 9-10	Reg. 11-12	Reg. 13-14
2	1	°N	Wind Direction	-	-	-	-	Diagnostic	Supply Voltage

#### 4.3.2 SDI-12 mode

COM settings: 1200 baud, even parity, 7 data bit, 1 bit di stop.

Supported commands (a = sensor adress):

?! address query

al! ID submission

aM! measurement start

aC! simultaneus measurement start

aD0! data send

а	Position	Units	Decimals	Position 1	Position 2	Position 3	Position 4	Position 5	Position 6	Position 7
2	1	°N	2	Wind Direction	Diagnostic	Supply Voltage	-	-	-	-

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### 5 Generic information

The qualitative level of our instruments is the result of a continuous evolution of the product. This may cause slight differences between what is reported in the manual and the instrument you have purchased.

Siap+Micros S.p.A. reserves the right to modify without notice technical specifications and dimensions to adapt them to the needs of the product.

### 5.1 Safety

Please read these safety instructions carefully before using this product:

- The warranty will be void in the case the product is used differently from the instructions described in this manual.
- Any sign of tampering will void the warranty
- Use the devices only according to the instructions (environmental management, operation, wiring, installation, etc.) provided in this manual
- The correct and safe operation of the device can only be guaranteed if the transport, storage, operation and management of the device are properly performed. This also applies to the product maintenance.
- The device shall not be exposed to aggressive chemicals or solvents that could damage the plastic casing and/or corrode the metal parts.
- Maintenance should only be performed by qualified and well trained personnel.

It is appropriate to carry out a careful risk assessment in relation to the context of installation and use of the device by the end user considering the entire meteorological station without being limited to the sensor.

The instruments must be installed properly, making sure that the equipment complies with the applicable regulations, the bracket must be correctly sized by qualified technicians and designed for the specific application.

During the installation the suitability of the surrounding environment and compliance with local safety regulations must be checked.

The manufacturer declines all responsibility in case of failure due to negligence of the instructions, tampering, uses not described in this manual, improper use, use by operators not trained.

Read the instructions and intended use carefully and be sure you understand before installing the device

Before starting the activities, check the integrity of the instrument to be installed, prepare the equipment necessary for the operations and wear the necessary PPE.

Take adequate measures to prevent the access of foreign personnel (untrained and uninformed) during the installation, maintenance or replacement of the instrument.

Take precautions to avoid falling objects, both during the installation phases and during the operation of the instrument.

Do not perform any activity in bad weather conditions.

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During maintenance, specifically in case the station is not frequently visited, visually check for the absence of dangerous insects and, if not, use suitable insecticides.

Consider the presence of any animals near the station. If so, pay attention to them.

Use only SIAP+MICROS original spare parts.

The instrument is not classified suitable (according to Directive 2014/34/EU) for use in atmospheres with potential explosion risk pursuant to Directive 99/92/EC.

SIAP+MICROS strives to minimize health and safety risks in all phases of the instrument's life, including installation, use, maintenance, decommissioning and disposal.

### 5.2 Appropriate use of the device

Use the instrument for its intended purpose, do not use it for any other purpose or cause malfunctions and/or damage.

#### 5.3 Storage

If you do not plan to use the equipment for an extended period of time (at least one year) disconnect all cables from the equipment, place them in a clear plastic bag along with a bag of desiccant salts and seal the bag with tape. Put appropriate indication on the bag of the contents and weight of the equipment by inserting the wording "HANDLE WITH CARE".

The instrument must be stored in a protected environment with a temperature between 0°C and 60°C with a humidity not exceeding 80%. Make sure that the instrument is stored in a stable position and that it cannot be damaged or moved by inexperience or carelessness. Do not stack other tools or weights. Do not place the instrument on top of other instruments and in any case ensure the solidity and stability of the underlying support.

Do not display and stock the instrument in environments where corrosive gas may be present.

### 5.4 Moving

In order to avoid any damage to the device during transportation, please keep it in upright position without shaking.

#### 5.5 Disposal information



Electrical and electronic equipment marked with specific symbol in compliance with 2012/19/EU Directive must be disposed of separately from household waste. European users can hand them over to the dealer or to the manufacturer when purchasing a new electrical and electronic equipment, or to a WEEE collection point designated by local authorities. Illegal disposal is

punished by law.

Disposing of electrical and electronic equipment separately from normal waste helps to preserve natural resources and allows materials to be recycled in an environmentally friendly way without risks to human health.



# 6 Revision history

The following table shows the description of the changes made to this document.

Version	Data	Aggiornamenti
1.0	19/05/2023	First version of the document.

All the information content in this document are the current available at the printing phase. Siap+Micros S.p.A. reserve the rights to change the specifications without any advance notice.

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